THE OFFICIAL EDUCATIONAL JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN SUBCONTRACTORS ASSOCIATION

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Converging Technology: Creating a Long-Term IT Strategy that Unifies Your Company

by Steve Antill, VP of Business Development, Foundation Software

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# Teamwork & Technology— The Business Strategies Case Study

by Stephane McShane, Director at Maxim Consulting Group

With the surge in technology deployment in our industry today, an opportunity exists to leverage these tools in order to strengthen the communication and engagement of the project team. The ability to quickly and easily share information that allows for accurate performance metrics, as well as risk mitigation, will become critical moving forward. Best in class firms are not just exploring which platforms to utilize, but how to best implement these solutions to create the greatest benefit. In this article, we will explore a case study of risk mitigation as it relates to loss of labor productivity.

All too often, we are impacted in our work on the jobsite. Other trades slow our progress, the schedule is incorrect forcing inaccurate planning, trades are stacked causing inefficiency. There are a multitude of reasons this occurs. The challenge lies in the ability to effectively prove an impact to create an opportunity for appropriate compensation. Proving this takes two parties: The office and the field. In order to increase your chances of recovering damages for these types of impacts, there are several steps necessary. In this case study, we will show that proving this case will require:

- Creation of a constructible budget
- Diligent use of short interval planning tool

- Accurate reporting of time
- Accurate reporting of quantities installed
- Comprehensive use of daily project reports
- Mining of data to create production information

## **Understanding the Budget**

First and foremost, the team who is responsible for building the project, specifically the project manager and field leader, must come to consensus on what the budget should be. The budget should be in alignment with the means and methods of how a project will be built and should contain both hours and quantities. This would require a fairly extensive preconstruction planning process, but is well worth the investment of time to ensure that the team who is building the job has the right budget, and is well prepared to execute. Everyone on the team must understand the description, quantities, hours, and unit of measure for each budget item. Organizations should have well-established standard cost codes and work breakdown structures to ensure a process that can be replicated and compared area to area and job to job. This budget should be housed in the project accounting software so that, as change orders are

issued, the budgets can be immediately updated with both quantities and hours. Figure 1 is an example of a portion of a project budget.

## Creating a Plan

A short interval plan, or 3-week lookahead (Figure 2), is one of the most powerful communication tools that exist in our industry. That said, it is one of the most poorly deployed. The premise behind a look-ahead is the ability for the field leader to tell us which activities are being worked on according to the GC or owner's schedule, how many people will be working on each activity, the source and status of the material required for each activity, the status of the tools and equipment needed for each item, and quantifiable production targets for the field leaders given the proposed man loads. The ability to leverage a technology tool that allows for ease of entry by the field leader in order to minimize frustration is paramount. It also allows for ease of viewing by the remainder of the project team to ensure that any obstacles that exist between the field leader and his plan can be quickly resolved in a proactive manner, allowing for increased field productivity. The use of a technology platform allows for changes to be made to the plan from anywhere in the

Phase	Ct		Phase description	Unit cost	Original qty	Original hrs	Original cost	Um
00-01-449	L	Q	1 PRE FAB WALL D & T					EA
00-02-230	L	Q	2 WALL ROUGH IN		3,148.00	296.00	10,360.00	LF
00-02-239	L	Q	2 PRE FAB WALL ROUGH IN					EA
00-02-241	L	Q	2 OH COND 1 & SM		11,534.00	942.00	32,970.00	LF
00-02-249	L	Q	2 PRE FAB OH ROUGH IN					EA
00-02-313	L	Q	2 EQUIP FLEX CONNECT		35.00	52.00	1,820.00	EA
00-02-350	L	Q	2 BRNCH WIRE #8 & SM		28,858.00	209.00	7,315.00	LF
00-02-359	L	Q	2 PRE FAB BRNCH WIRE					EA
00-02-410	L	Q	2 LIGHTING		327.00	356.00	12,460.00	EA
00-02-419	L	Q	2 PRE FAB LIGHTING					EA
00-02-440	L	Q	2 WALL DEVICES & TRIM		226.00	87.00	3,045.00	EA

Figure 1

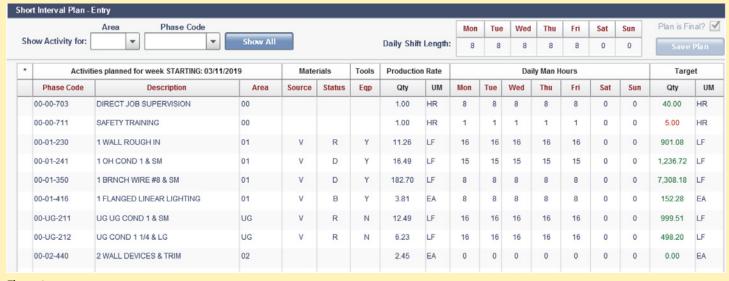


Figure 2

field, allowing the foreman or superintendent to revise the plan when changes occur, not having to rely on remembering to change it later.

## **Time Reporting**

The use of a solid technology tool to capture time reporting creates several positive opportunities. First, it creates visibility of whether time IS being reported daily, as the level of accuracy required is high. Additionally, it allows for speed and accuracy since only the cost codes that have a budget and are active should be shown as open and available to report time to, lessening the chance of misreporting. Lastly, the use of technology allows for our tech savvy emerging leaders to complete this entry

anywhere, anytime via apps, tablets, or laptop. Figure 3 is an example of a technology solution built for this type of daily entry.

## **Quantity Reporting**

For most trades, updating the quantities installed, or percent complete, on a weekly basis is frequent enough to keep a handle on medium to large construction projects. Some trades, such as sheetrock and framing, would tend to enter quantities daily due to the short duration and large manpower allocation to their activities. The reporting of quantities allows us to see whether we hit the week's production targets, which is highly useful to both field leaders and project managers. Additionally,

by comparing the planned activities to those reported on timecards and quantity reports, we can identify those activities that we worked on that were not planned. This is a critical step in risk mitigation. In the example on the next page (Figure4), there are some items that have a description that is in italicized type. Those activities did not appear on our short interval plan. By the use of reporting and data mining, we can identify any time our unplanned activities exceeded a predetermined threshold, spurring the ability to investigate the cause and send notification of impact in a timely fashion.

## **Daily Project Reporting**

When we think about the most credible piece of documentation that exists

	Employee Time - All Employees on Job		ob Trade / Mon 02/11 Tue 02/12				2/12	Wed 02/13 Thu 02/14			Fri 0	2/15	Sat 02/16		Sun 02/17		Final?		
	Phase Code	Area	Skill	Reg	ОТ	Reg	ОТ	Reg	ОТ	Reg	ОТ	Reg	ОТ	Reg	ОТ	Reg	ОТ		
0				8.00		8.00		8.00		8.00		8.00		0.00		0.00		$\checkmark$	40.00
	CLEAN UP	00		0.25		0.25		0.25		0.25		0.25		0.00		0.00			
	SAFETY TRAINING	00		0.25		0.25		0.25		0.25		0.25		0.00		0.00			
	P1 BRNCH WIRE #8 & SM	P1		7.50		7.50		7.50		7.50		7.50		0.00		0.00			
0				8.00		8.00		8.00		8.00		8.00		0.00		0.00		$\checkmark$	40.00
	CLEAN UP	00		0.25		0.25		0.25		0.25		0.25		0.00		0.00			
	SAFETY TRAINING	00		0.25		0.25		0.25		0.25		0.25		0.00		0.00			
	P1 BRNCH WIRE #8 & SM	P1		7.50		7.50		7.50		7.50		7.50		0.00		0.00			
0				8.00		8.00		8.00		8.00		8.00		0.00		0.00		$\checkmark$	40.00
	DIRECT JOB SUPERVISION	00		2.00		2.00		2.00		2.00		2.00		0.00		0.00			
	CLEAN UP	00		0.25		0.25		0.25		0.25		0.25		0.00		0.00			

Figure 3

Activities Planned for week STARTING: 03/04/2019			Budget	Pr	evious .	JTD	Week	Target	Week Act	JTD		
Phase Code	Description	Area	Quantity	UM	Quantity	UM	% Comp	per Plan	per Time	Quantity	UM	% Comp
00-00-703	DIRECT JOB SUPERVISION	00	2,426.00	HR	1,592.25	HR	65.63%	40.00	38.75	40.00	HR	67.28%
00-00-711	SAFETY TRAINING	00	1.00	HR	0.00	HR	0.00%	5.00	12.75	0.00	HR	0.00%
00-01-230	1 WALL ROUGH IN	01	7,907.00	LF	5,373.51	LF	67.96%	0.00	174.58	952.09	LF	80.00%
00-01-241	1 OH COND 1 & SM	01	32,056.00	LF	28,850.40	LF	90.00%	1,896.31	4,295.57	641.12	LF	92.00%
00-01-350	1 BRNCH WIRE #8 & SM	01	97,747.00	LF	86,619.84	LF	88.62%	14,616.37	1,415.96	1,352.46	LF	90.00%
00-01-410	1 LIGHTING	01	277.00	EA	107.30	EA	38.74%	0.00	17.47	12.00	EA	43.07%
00-01-416	1 FLANGED LINEAR LIGHTING	01	4,184.00	EA	1,236.00	EA	29.54%	152.28	97.08	100.00	EA	31.93%
00-02-241	2 OH COND 1 & SM	02	11,824.00	LF	11,387.98	LF	96.31%	195.43	0.00	0.00	LF	96.31%
00-02-410	2 LIGHTING	02	327.00	EA	259.52	EA	79.36%	8.09	31.38	0.00	EA	79.36%

#### Figure 4

to prove an impact to our work, none exceeds that of the field leader's daily project report (Figure 5). It is the piece of documentation done by the person closest to the work that tells the story of the project. It documents what happens, on a daily basis. That said, it isn't always done consistently, or comprehensively. The use of a technology tool allows for visibility on its completion, as well as the ability

to mine this information at a later time. Some technology platforms also allow for the attachment of photographs specific to each section of the daily project report, which is a very valuable function.

## **Production Dashboards**

Production dashboards allow the field leader to have a metric on labor productivity that is updated with each labor and

quantity entry they perform. The use of technology allows them to see the job including all cost codes, as in the example below, or they can sort the data by building, floor, or even a single activity. Translating information into a graphical format allows for our field leaders to identify those areas that are ahead in productivity, and those that are behind in a very quick and easy manner. For the

Between 60 and 74							
tractors:							
Contractor	Crew Size (	comments					
	7 r	unning conduit to tie	in ceilings and rooms , pulling branch wires .				
pment Used:							
Source Type	Hours Use	d Date Rented	Comments				
N/A	0.00						
erials Received:							
Quantity Description	Source		Problems				
2 Panel interiors, covers	and fuses . CRAWFORD electric	and wholesale					
ety Issues:							
Description		tesponsibility					
slips , trips, cuts , and falls .	v	wear ppe's , and clean up areas.					
k Accomplished:							
pulled branch wires, and ran conduits fo	r tieing in rooms and lighting.						
nys:							
AT . 10	d need all fur downs to be com	pleted.Also need Sla	ack to complete storm lines at Nicks to be able to run				

Figure 5



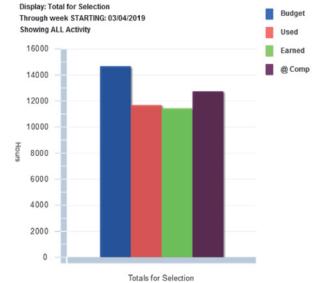


Figure 6

project manager, it allows visibility on the labor forecast for each labor item, given the current production rate of that item to date. This is powerful information for both field leaders and project managers.

## **Production Reports**

Production information utilizing technology integration allows for us to view production information for any given payroll week, or any given phase code easily in order to compile data for an impact claim. In the example (Figure 6), this is a summary of the activities in a specific area that were heavily impacted by external causes. It is easy to see what the budgeted hours were, and compare them to what we used (taken from time reporting) versus what we should have used (calculated from quantity or percent complete reporting). The conditional formatting in reports allows the eye to be drawn to exactly the data we wish for project managers and field leaders to view, without them having to read all of the data to determine where to focus their attention. Additionally, this will allow us to accurately quantify the impact of loss of productivity. In this example, we should have spent 530 hours, but we actually spent 614.5 hours.

## The Challenges

Historically, we have seen many examples of the, "us versus them," mentality. Meaning, the field versus the office. Adversarial relationships were more frequent in the past as the two parties felt very independent of one another, and were angered when one stepped into the world of another with direction or dictatorship. Using the example of a project manager and a field leader, it's devastating to see an uncommunicative relationship between these parties due to the necessary nature of their codependent workflow. The effectiveness of a project manager, at its simplest form, is steeped in the measurement of margin (profit) gain or fade. The effectiveness of a field leader, taking this same approach, is measured by productivity. However, each of these parties CANNOT reach the epitome of success without the other.

### The Results

The case study noted above allows this client to effectively mitigate the risk associated with a project that was not going well, due to no fault of their own. Their ability to quantify the impact utilizing the processes they had defined, along with proper notification, allowed for significantly higher recovery of damages than they would have received without this data. The use of teamwork and technology to create a culture of effective

communication, proactive planning, and data centric production tracking allows not only for our own forces to foresee challenges in a project early enough to effect a change in the outcome, but also allows for the compilation of quantifiable evidence of an impact. The teamwork allows for great communication to occur. The technology allows for ease of use and speed of information sharing. The first step of any technology implementation is a comprehensive definition of what information is needed, in what format, by each position in the organization. Then, and only then, can the right technology be identified and deployed to give each and every person on your team the information they need to be project leaders, and not project witnesses.

Stephane McShane, Director at Maxim Consulting Group, is responsible for the evaluation and implementation processes with our clients. With a large depth of experience working in the construction industry, Stephane is keenly aware of the business and, most specifically, operational challenges firms face. Her areas of expertise include: Leadership development, organizational assessments, strategic planning, project execution, business development, productivity improvement, and training programs. For more information visit www.maximconsulting.com